

Summer Resorts

EXTRA.

FUN AT THE
PCLO GROUNDS.

Big Crowd to See the Ball
Game for the Sick
Babies' Fund.

MOB AFTER UMPIRE O'ROURKE

The Wicklow Postman Threatened
with Beating by the
Gay Actors.

TRAMP JONES'S GREAT SLIDE.

Sold That Gorgeous Suit of Coxey
Clothes in a Mad Rush
for First.

(Special to The Evening World.)
PCLO GROUNDS, NEW YORK, July 12.—This was "circus" afternoon at these grounds, and a queerer looking set of players never gambled on a ball field than the Thespian nine that volunteered to play for the benefit of "The Evening World's" Sick Babies' Fund.



"They were the comedians of the '102' company and 'The Passing Show' company. It required three tallies to carry the performers and the score of pretty chorus girls who volunteered to play 'photos' of the teams to swell the charity fund. They created a decided sensation on their debut on the field. Every player was tipped in a most outlandish costume. Capt. Favor of the 'royal' nine, was radiant as Alonzo, the royal treasurer, in orange and red, and Capt. Seymour, looked out as Capt. Spink. Walter Jones, as the 'brandy' player, would drive Vagabond to work. He was the tramp par excellence of the year, and he didn't do a thing but raise Cain on the field.

The attendance was encouragingly large, and when the crowd in the bleachers and the score cards were donated by Treasurer E. B. Talbot, who was quick to appreciate the true worth of the charitable object, and all his instructions to Assistant Supt. James H. Smith to prepare everything needed for the players have been carried out to the very letter.

The crowd was put in excellent humor by the antics of the funny men, and



"THE PASSING SHOW."
The committee, after a general discussion of the merits of the bill, and an agreement to postpone for the present the consideration of the most seriously disputed points, decided to take up the amendments of the bill and to dispose of them as they should present themselves.

Are not in demand on cool July days. It's then that plans are made. It's then your hotel ad. is scanned if it's in

MELBA, BY A HEAD

In a Rattling Finish Captures the Opening Event from Mr. Sass.

SECOND RACE JOE RIPLEY'S.

Another Large Crowd Present to Witness the Racing at Brighton.

(Special to The Evening World.)
RACE TRACK, BRIGHTON BEACH, July 12.—Another big crowd visited the track by the sea to-day, lured by an attractive card and the promise of good sport. The betting ring was uncomfortably jammed, and there were no vacant seats in the grand stand. The air was close, very little of the sea breeze finding its way through the small windows in the rear of the stand.

The first race was a dash of seven furlongs, the feature of which was a remarkable plunge on Lifeboat. This colt opened at 40 to 1, and was played down to 5 to 1. The good thing did not go through, however.

Lifeboat got away well, but dropped back in the bunch. Turning into the stretch Lifeboat came through on the inside, but his jockey was unable to help him, and he had to be content with third place.

Mr. Sass, the favorite, made the running to the stretch, where Melba, the second choice, nailed him and won a rattling race by head. Lifeboat was two lengths away.

Longdale was the favorite in the second race, but he was not in the money. He was second, and Joe Ripley, the third choice, won by a head. The latter was second choice and Martin rode him well, letting him rate along in front at an even clip all the way.

The others were all strung out down the back stretch. Diabolus snatched third place by a head. Rama bolted on the first turn.

CRISIS IN CALIFORNIA

Regular Soldiers on the Way to Sacramento by Special Train.

WILL BE STERNLY RESISTED.

They Are Under Strict Orders to Raise the Blockade at Any Cost.

STRIKERS ARE WELL ARMED.

Rumors of Martial Law Cause Excitement at State Capital.

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 12.—The crisis at Sacramento will be reached in a day or two, as United States troops left for that city early this morning.

The troops were armed and equipped as if they were going out for a campaign that meant much more than a display of their arms.

The purpose is to move trains at any cost when the regulars reach the capital. Some of the strikers have deadly weapons and an intention to use them, if necessary, to prevent their plans from being overcome.

If resistance is offered to the United States soldiers the probability that there will be slaughter at Sacramento is great.

Gen. Ruger took precautions to keep this movement of the troops unknown to the public, and though Col. Graham, the commandant of the presidio, and several officers under Gen. Ruger or Col. Graham were aware of the details of what was meditated, the men had only the most necessary knowledge of what they were expected to do.

The twelfth day of the great strike on the Southern Pacific closed with a wheel turning in Northern California. At Sacramento, Oakland, San Jose and this point the situation was unchanged.

EXTRA.

IT PLEASES SOCIALISTS.

Sov. reign's Order Would Call Out 150,000 Men in New York and Brooklyn.

C. L. F. IS READY TO STRIKE.

And a Meeting of D. A. 49's Executive Board Has Been Called for To-Night.

CONFERENCE WITH THE MAYOR.

Gl'roy, Supt. Byrnes and Gen. Fitzgerald Discuss the Unpleasant News.

As soon as the news of General Master Workman Sovereign's order to the Knights of Labor was received in this city there was sudden activity on the part of the municipal authorities and the police officials.

The first intelligence was conveyed to Mayor Gl'roy by an "Evening World" reporter, and about the same time Supt. Byrnes was also informed that the expected order to strike had been issued.

The Mayor no sooner received the word than he telephoned to the Superintendent of Police, and the latter hastily left his office and went to the City Hall. He arrived there at 2:30 P. M., and was received by Mayor Gl'roy in his private office.

About ten minutes after this Gen. Louis Fitzgerald, commanding the First Brigade, N. G., N. Y., went to the City Hall and was shown into Mayor Gl'roy's private office.

These three officials, the Mayor, Superintendent of Police and General of the National Guard, remained closeted together for nearly half an hour.

It was 5 o'clock when the conference broke up, and Supt. Byrnes returned to the City Hall and Gen. Fitzgerald went back to his office in the Equitable Building.

EXTRA.

Without leave of absence for any cause excepted by the order.

As indicating the watchfulness of the Police Department in the present uncertain state of affairs and showing that the authorities are on the alert, Police Capt. Bakins, Smith, Westervelt, Heavin, Stephenson and Crutts were summoned to Police Headquarters by Supt. Byrnes this morning and given additional special instructions regarding their duties should trouble occur here as a result of railroad strikes in the West.

The Superintendent said this morning that special reports from all the precincts were to be made that all was quiet and that there were no indications of trouble.

The headquarters of the different labor organizations, especially those on the east side which are composed principally of foreign-born residents, are being closely watched, and the Superintendent is kept informed by frequent reports of all that is being said and done. He does not anticipate that there will be any considerable turnout at the proposed mass-meeting in Union Square, but if there is he believes there will be an orderly and well-conducted gathering, as there is no local grievance, and the object is simply to express sympathy with the strikers in Chicago.

Won't Affect the Printers.
William Ferguson, Secretary of Typographical Union No. 6, does not expect a sympathetic strike of compositors. The Union is under the American Federation of Labor, though there are some members of the Union who are also members of the Knights of Labor.

Instructions that would call the men out on a sympathetic strike, however, would have to come from the Executive Board of the International Union, and he does not look for anything of the kind.

Executive Board of D. A. 40 to Meet To-Night.
Secretary Murphy, of District 40, K. of L., did not exhibit much surprise when informed by an "Evening World" reporter that General Master Workman Sovereign's action.

"I have just received word," he said, "that District Master Workman McAdams, at a special meeting of the Executive Board for tonight at 8 o'clock, at the headquarters, 8 Union Square."

"Whether he has received any intimation from the General Master Workman or not I cannot say. I have simply been instructed to call the meeting and am now sending out the circulars."

"As I have received no official notification of Mr. Sovereign's action, of course it would be unwise for me to discuss it. If such an order is issued you will find it will be in the nature of a request to the district assemblies that a general strike would be advisable."

D. A. 40 Will Obey the Order.
"He can, however, order a general strike on his own responsibility, if he has the General Board with him, as that is the highest authority in the order."

"Undoubtedly he has that Board with him."

"District Assembly 40 will, of course, obey the order if it comes, and that means that at least 18,000 Knights will go out."

"What good such an order could do is another matter, as our locals are all disturbed over the prospect of a general strike of the Knights of Labor."

He was very reticent, and refused to be interviewed on the situation, or to say anything in regard to the subject matter of the conference with the Mayor. He stated, however, to an "Evening World" reporter that he had not yet heard from Gen. Porter at Albany, nor had any general orders to the militia been issued, so far as he knew.

Ready for Any Emergency.
Before the conference Mayor Gl'roy said to an "Evening World" reporter in answer to the question what action would probably be taken in the event of thousands of workmen obeying the order of General Master Workman Sovereign:

"This city is in a position to meet any emergency which may arise. When an emergency of that or any other sort arises we will meet it and I feel it is our duty to do so."

EXTRA.

Gompers and Evans Leave for Chicago To-Night.

Secretary Chris Evans, of the American Federation of Labor, would not express any opinion.

"I start with President Gompers for Chicago to-night," he said, "and do not care to say anything until after we reach there. Some of the members of our Order are K. of L., and if they are called out, the effect on the Federation generally will doubtless have some effect."

"We go to Chicago to help settle this trouble. If we cannot smooth matters over, why, then, we are to help the men all we can."

"Whether all our men would be called out or not is a matter which I do not think it wise to speculate about. We are going to win if we can."

Building Trades Knights Number 25,000 Here.
The Knights of Labor who belong to the building trades—estimated at nearly 25,000—are controlled by District Assembly 33, of which John McAdams, of 221 West Forty-ninth street, is Master Workman. He could not be found this afternoon. Neither could Secretary A. J. Zoller, Secretary of District Assembly 19, which controls a majority of the railroad men whose trains run into Jersey City. Another of the big assemblies of railroad men is located at New Brunswick, N. J. It is known as No. 33.

Chairman Conley Doesn't Believe It.
Martin J. Conley, Chairman of the Executive Committee of District Assembly 76, K. of L., which includes in its membership nearly all the surface railroad employees of Brooklyn, was seen by an "Evening World" reporter this afternoon.

He seemed to be surprised when he was told of Master Workman Sovereign's order.

"I have received no official notification of this step," he said, "and do not care to express an opinion as to what may happen until I do."

"I do not believe the report."

"Have you been in communication with Mr. Sovereign?" was asked.

"Not directly," was the reply. "Several days ago, an am came here from the West to learn what stand the members here took in the Pullman troubles. This represented Mr. Debs. He tried to ascertain whether the Brooklyn men would take part in a sympathetic strike."

Brooklyn Knights Have Grievances of Their Own.
"I told him that the men here had many grievances of their own; that I didn't think they would strike unless they had some good reason to do so."

"Of course, if the men were ordered by me to strike, they would go out."

"There are between 7,000 and 8,000 men in District Assembly 76, and the whole system of transportation could be tied up in short order."

"But, as I said before, I do not care to say what may be done until I am formally notified."

A Broken Promise.
"The men feel somewhat sore because the Brooklyn City Railroad Company has placed orders for cars with the Pullman Company. When the Brooklyn Company was granted privileges to extend its lines, I am told, it promised that its new rolling stock should be built in this vicinity."

"Since then, however, some cases have been furnished by the Pullman Company. It is possible that District Assembly No. 229, which includes mechanics and builders, may take up this matter."

EXTRA.

TO-MORROW WILL TELL.

Making or Breaking of the Strikers in Chicago Near at Hand.

ALL K. OF L. TO BE CALLED OUT

Sovereign Says His Order Will Affect Nearly a Million Men.

FEDERAL GRAND JURY AT WORK.

Charged to Find Out Whether an Insurrection Is in Progress.

(Special to The Evening World.)
CHICAGO, July 12.—While to outward appearance all things are moving quietly here to-day there has been no time since the strike movement was instituted when the situation was so strained and the state of suspense so general and wearing as to-day.

Violence has ceased. In its place is the confident assertion of labor leaders that to-morrow is to witness a strike demonstration which will break all records and which will extend its effects over the whole country.

The general trades' strike in this city is promised for to-morrow morning. In addition, General Master Workman Sovereign says he will issue, to-morrow, unless unforeseen circumstances arise, an order which will call out every Knight of Labor, East and West, besides many ex-members of the order and sympathizers uncounted. Altogether, Sovereign says he expects the order to affect nearly a million men.

The American Federation of Labor's President, Gompers, now on his way to the city, has called a meeting of his Executive Committee for Thursday next. This shows that the Order is, at least, not to enter in the demonstration of to-morrow. Whether it will go into the strike at all, or not, remains to be seen.

Gompers says: "It behooves us to endeavor to bring order out of what threatens to become chaos."

These words may prove to be of much significance.

Chiefs of other orders have been invited to meet the Federation Committee in conference.

All things considered, it seems certain that within the next twenty-four hours will come the making or the breaking, as regards the strike and its leaders.

It has been maintained by the railway managers and others that the talk of a general strike in the city and country was a pure bluff, and that the men could not be induced to obey the call even in the city alone.

Should the order come to-morrow the story will soon be told. If the managers are right, the strike will collapse at once. If the leaders can do what they claim, the end is not to be within immediate sight.

The labor wing of the Arbitration Committee which called on the Pullman officials yesterday called on the Mayor this morning, but getting tired of waiting left before they had seen him. They would not state their business.

The fact that Assistant Counsel Rankin and General Manager Browne, of the Pullman Company, were present in the Mayor's office at the time, gave rise to a rumor that there might be arbitration. The Pullman officials, however, were more simply to ask for more police protection at Pullman.

The special Federal Grand Jury, to investigate the strike, was sworn in to-day by Judge Grosscup. The Grand Jury, which is composed of men drawn from the counties of the northern district of Illinois, was instructed to make a sweeping inquiry into the conditions which prevail in the city and the causes which brought them about.

The lengthy charge delivered by Judge Grosscup was a strong one, and directed